

KNOW and GROW → Week 30 Schedule and Questions:

Summary: Last week – *and continuing this week through 8:3* – we have the words which the Lord spoke to Moses regarding the various offerings; some were voluntary acts of worship, while others were mandatory atonement for having committed unintentional sins.

Now that the tabernacle is complete, the priestly garments have been made, and the regulations for offerings have been given, the priests will be ordained (given ministerial responsibilities) and begin to serve.

Monday July 26 Leviticus 6

- This chapter continues from chapter 5 with the guilt offering regulations. If a person sins as noted in vv. 2-3, he should admit it, be sorry, and what else? _____
- “a ram...without defect” pointed ahead to: _____
- Why a continuous fire on the altar? It “represented uninterrupted offering to and appeal to God on behalf of Israel.” (CSSB 152)

Tuesday July 27 Leviticus 7

- 7:11-36 “This section supplements ch. 3, adding regulations about (1) three types of fellowship offerings (thank, vv. 12-15; vow, v. 16; freewill, v. 16, (2) prohibition of eating fat and blood (vv. 22-27) and (3) the priests’ share (vv. 28-36).” (CSSB, 153)
- What does it mean to be “cut off from his people”? “Removed from the covenant people through direct divine judgment, or through execution, or possibly sometimes through banishment.” (CSSB, 154)

Wednesday July 28 Leviticus 8

- Why did the Lord command all that He did for the ordinations? _____

Thursday July 29 Leviticus 9

- Who actually killed the sacrifices? _____

Friday July 30 Leviticus 10

- Is it important to follow whatever the Lord says? Y N

Please study with us at Bethlehem on Sunday, Aug. 1 at 10:30

KNOW and GROW → Week 31 Schedule and Questions:

Summary: Medical science has come to realize over the course of history – *even by learning the hard way* – that cleanliness is important! This week focuses on cleanliness regarding food, after childbirth, skin diseases, and discharges.

Some try to quote the Bible by saying: “Cleanliness is next to godliness.” But those words are *not* in the Bible! Cleanliness can be important, but it cannot save anyone’s soul; *only the blood of Jesus purifies us from all sin!* (1 John 1:7)

Monday August 2 Leviticus 11

- Are some living things truly unclean? No (see Acts 10:9-16). In this chapter and among the Israelites, 11 times we find the phrase “for you,” – *so the laws preserved the sanctity of Israel as God’s holy people!* In a similar way, *lives in Christ are different than lives in the world!*

Tuesday August 3 Leviticus 12

- V. 2 – “The uncleanness came from the bleeding (vv. 4-5, 7), not from the birth.” (CSSB, 159)
- How do the regulations in this chapter apply to Mary and Jesus? _____ (Luke 2:21-24)

Wednesday August 4 Leviticus 13

- This chapter includes (1) swelling or a rash or a bright spot (vv. 1-8), (2) a skin disease (vv. 9-17), (3) a boil (vv. 18-23), (4) a burn (vv. 24-28), (5) a head or chin sore (vv. 29-37), (6) white skin spots (vv. 38-46), and (7) mildew (vv. 47-59).

Thursday August 5 Leviticus 14

- This chapter includes the *ceremonial* and *actual* cleansing required for those with skin diseases; it also looks ahead to houses in Canaan with mildew.

Friday August 6 Leviticus 15

- What is a bodily discharge? Probably related to an illness like diarrhea or a bladder infection (vv. 1-15).
- Verses 32-33 summarize the contents of this chapter.
- *It’s amazing that the Lord addressed such things!*

Please study with us at Bethlehem on Sunday, Aug. 8 at 10:30

Answers:

Leviticus 6:

- Repentance is change, so to show *admission* and *sorrow* a person will take action by † returning the item he has wrongly acquired, † making restitution, and † presenting his guilt offering.
- *The holy Son of God who sacrificed Himself for our sins!*

Leviticus 8:

- Moses said to Aaron and his sons: ^{NIV} **Leviticus 8:34** “What has been done today was commanded by the LORD to make atonement for you.”

Leviticus 9:

- Aaron, see vv. 8, 12, 15, 18.

Leviticus 10:

- Yes; even if we don't fully understand the “why?” of the Lord's commands, it is always best to follow them!

Answers:

Leviticus 12:

- ^{NIV} **Luke 2:21** On the eighth day, when it was time to circumcise him, he was named Jesus, the name the angel had given him before he had been conceived.²² When the time of their purification according to the Law of Moses had been completed, Joseph and Mary took him to Jerusalem to present him to the Lord²³ (as it is written in the Law of the Lord, “Every firstborn male is to be consecrated to the Lord”),²⁴ and to offer a sacrifice in keeping with what is said in the Law of the Lord: “a pair of doves or two young pigeons.” *Why didn't Joseph and Mary offer a lamb?* Hint: See Matthew 2:11

Leviticus 15:

- ^{NIV} **Leviticus 15:32** “These are the regulations for a man with a discharge, for anyone made unclean by an emission of semen,³³ for a woman in her monthly period, for a man or a woman with a discharge, and for a man who lies with a woman who is ceremonially unclean.”